

# **Exercise Chapter 4**The Properties of Mixtures

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The Properties of Mixtures by Izirwan

What partial pressure is needed to dissolve 21 g Of CO<sub>2</sub> in 100 g of water at 25°C? (M<sub>CO2</sub>=44.01 g/mol)
 Ans = 14 kPa



Estimate the freezing point of 150 cm<sup>3</sup> of water sweetened with 7.5 g of sucrose.

(M<sub>sucrose</sub>:342.3 g mol<sup>-1</sup>; cryoscopic constant: 1.86 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>)



 5.00 g of a compound were added to 250 g of naphthalene and lowered the freezing point of the solvent by 0.780 K. Compute the molar mass of the compound.

 $(K_f = 6.94 \text{ for naphthalene})$ 

Ans: 273 g/mol



- A gas at 250 K and 15 atm has a molar volume 12% smaller than that calculated from the perfect gas law.
   Calculate
- a) The compression factor under these condition (ans: 0.88)
- b)The molar volume of the gas (ans: 1.2 L/mol)



- A vessel of volume 24.4 dm<sup>3</sup> contains 1.0 mol H<sub>2</sub> and 2.5 mol N<sub>2</sub> at 298.15 K. Compute the following process
  - a) Each component with the following mole fraction (Ans:  $H_2=0.286$ ,  $N_2=0.714$ )
  - b) Their partial pressure

(Ans:  $H_2$ : 101.6 kPa,  $N_2$ =254.5kPa)

c) Their total pressure

(Ans: 355.4 kPa)



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# **Authors Information**

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