

Exercise 3.6

Water flows at a rate 20 m³/s through a rectangular channel 4 m wide from a 'steep channel' to a 'mild channel', creating a hydraulic jump. The upstream depth of flow is 1.2 m. Determine;

- a) The downstream depth of flow
- b) The energy (head) loss in the jump
- c) The upstream and downstream velocities
- d) Power dissipated

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Exercise 3.7

Water discharging into a 10m wide rectangular horizontal channel from a sluice gate is observed to have undergone a hydraulic jump. The flow depth and velocity before the jump are 0.8m and 7m/s, respectively. Determine;

- a) the flow depth and the Froude number after the jump
- b) the head loss and the dissipation ratio
- c) the wasted power production potential due to the hydraulic jump

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