

Exercise 3.4

A rectangular channel flows at 3 m3/s with 2.0m width. The normal depth is 0.8m. The width will be decreased at downstream.

- a. Determine the maximum width for critical flow obtained at this part (downstream)
- b. Calculate the depth at upstream (before throat) if the throat is 1.2 m

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Exercise 3.5

A rectangular channel with 3.0 m width and water depth 3.0 m at velocity 3.0 m/s. If the channel bed increase at 0.61 m, how much the width will be increased for maintain the same flow at the upstream?

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