

Japanese for Intermediate

PARTICLE (e) (to)

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Chapter Description

- Student should be able to:
 - know how to use the particle (e) in the sentences.
- This chapter aims to achieve the following course outcome:
- ✓ CO1: Identify the pronunciation of Japanese phrases, sentences and dialogues.
- ✓ CO2: Practice Japanese sentences and dialogues according to syllabus
- ✓ CO3: Use of Japanese phrases, sentences and dialogue for selected topics.
- ✓ CO4 : Construct appropriate sentences for selected topics.



PARTICLE ^

- いきます / きます / かえります are verbs of movement.
- The particle $\uparrow \uparrow$ (to) is put after the place to show the direction of the move.
- The question word どこ (where) is used to ask where you're going.

わたし はとしょかん へ いきます。 Watashi wa toshokan e ikimasu.

Meaning: I go to library.

きのう、わたし は とうきょう へ きました。 Kinou, watashi wa Toukyou e kimashita.

Meaning: Yesterday, I came to Tokyo.

あした、サリナさん は ロンドン へ かえります。 Sarina san wa Rondon e kaerimasu.

Meaning:

Tomorrow, Ms. Sarina back to London.



Question word – Present Tense

どこへいきますか。

Doko e ikimasu ka.

Meaning: Where do you go?

Q: どこへいきますか。 Doko e ikimasu ka.

A: KLCC へいきます。 KLCC e ikimasu.

Meaning:

Q: Where do you go?

A: I go to KLCC.



Question word – Past Tense

どこへいきましたか。

Doko e ikimashita ka.

Meaning:

Where did you go?

Q: どこへいきましたか。 Doko e ikimashita ka.

A: かんこくへ いきました。 Kankoku e ikimashita.

Meaning:

Q: Where did you go?

A: I went to Korea.

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