



**FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**  
**TEST 2**

<b>COURSE</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>INTELLIGENT CONTROL</b>
<b>COURSE CODE</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>BEE4333</b>
<b>LECTURER</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>HASZURAI DAH ISHAK</b>
<b>DATE</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>29 MAY 2014</b>
<b>DURATION</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>2 HOURS</b>
<b>SESSION/SEMESTER</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>SESSION 2012/2013 SEMESTER II</b>
<b>PROGRAM</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>BEE</b>

**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_

**STUDENT ID:** \_\_\_\_\_

**NRIC:** \_\_\_\_\_

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. This question paper consists of **TWO (2)** questions. Answer **ALL** questions.
2. All the calculations and assumptions must be clearly stated.
3. Write your answers in the exam booklet provided.

---

**DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

---

This examination paper consists of **SIX (6)** printed pages including front page

**QUESTION 1**

(a) Describe **THREE (3)** differences between fuzzy logic and neural network.

[6 Marks]

(b) Consider the following 3x3 LED system. This system is trained to recognize **THREE (3)** different characters, **H, I** and **T**. The illustration of the system and the pattern for recognizing the characters is shown in Figure 1.

Design a multilayer neural network with **ONE (1)** neuron in **ONE (1)** hidden layer for training purpose of the system. Say that the initial value of all weights used in the system is **0.1**. The desired output that is related to the output pattern **H, I** and **T** are 0.1, 1 and 10, respectively.

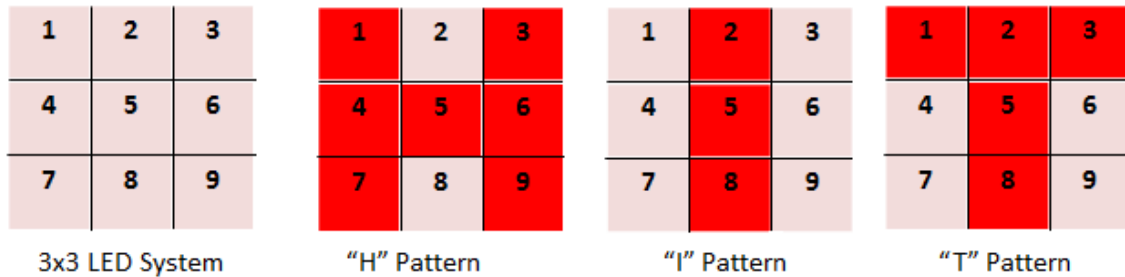


Figure 1. 3x3 LED System and Pattern of “H”, “I” and “T”

(i) Illustrate the neural network.

[2 Marks]

(ii) Calculate the actual output for the given weights and pattern of character **H** if we apply a sigmoid function as the hard limiter of the system.

Note : sigmoid function  $\rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$

[2 Marks]

- (iii) Given  $t_k=0$ . From the value of (i), calculate the following values at the first iteration by using Back Propagation algorithm.
- $\Delta w_{11}$  and  $w_{11}$  (new) between output and hidden layer
  - $\Delta w_{11}, \Delta w_{12}, \Delta w_{13}$ , and  $w_{11}(\text{new}), w_{12}(\text{new}), w_{13}(\text{new})$  between hidden layer and input layer.
  - Illustrate the new Neural Network.

The information for the Neural Networks configurations is as follows.

- The input is symbolized as  $x_i$
- The output of hidden layer is symbolized as  $y_j$
- The output of hidden layer is symbolized as  $y_k$
- The learning rate is  $\alpha = 0.1$ .
- Error gradient in output layer :  $\Delta w_{jk}(p) = \alpha \times y_j(p) \times \delta_k(p)$
- $\delta_k(p) = y_k(p) \times [1 - y_k] \times e_k(p)$  where  $y_k = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-x_k(p))}$
- $e_k(p) = y_{d,k}(p) - y_k(p)$
- Update  $w_{jk}(p + 1) = w_{jk}(p) + \Delta w_{jk}(p)$
- Error gradient in hidden layer  $\Delta w_{ij}(p) = \alpha \times x_i(p) \times \delta_j(p)$
- $\delta_j(p) = y_j(p) \times [1 - y_j] \times \sum_{k=1}^l \delta_k(p) \times w_{jk}(p)$
- Update  $w_{ij}(p + 1) = w_{ij}(p) + \Delta w_{ij}(p)$

**[15 Marks]**

**[CO1, PO1]**

## QUESTION 2

- (a) The application of an Artificial Neural Network (ANN) involves two phases, which are *Learning phase* and *Recall phase*. In the *Learning phase* (usually offline) the ANN is trained until it has learned its tasks (through the adaptation of its weights). Explain about the types of *learning phase* in ANN and give **TWO (2)** the characteristic of each type.

[6 Marks]

- (b) Figure 3 illustrates a multilayer Neural Network that has the input patterns of (0 1 1).
- (i) Calculate the output value of  $L_k$ .
  - (ii) Given  $t_k=0$ . From the value of  $L_k$ , calculate the following values at the first iteration by using Back Propagation algorithm.
    - $\Delta w_{11}$  and  $w_{11}$  (new) between output and hidden layer
    - $\Delta w_{11}$ ,  $\Delta w_{12}$ ,  $\Delta w_{13}$ , and  $w_{11}(\text{new})$ ,  $w_{12}(\text{new})$ ,  $w_{13}(\text{new})$  between hidden layer and input layer.
    - Illustrate the new Neural Network.

The information for the Neural Networks configurations is as follows.

Given  $\eta = 0.1$  and  $\alpha = 0.1$ .

Back propagation is not required to be derived.

Sigmoid function;  $f(x) = (1 + e^{-x})^{-1}$

$$f(x) = x$$

The error signals are as follows.

$$\delta_k = L_k (1 - L_k) (t_k - L_k)$$

$$\delta_j = L_j (1 - L_j) \sum_k \delta_k w_{kj}$$

Adaptions of weights are defined as below.

$$\Delta w_{kj}(t+1) = \eta \delta_k L_j + \alpha \Delta w_{kj}(t)$$

$$\Delta w_{ji}(t+1) = \eta \delta_j L_i + \alpha \Delta w_{ji}(t)$$

[19 Marks]  
[CO2, PO3, C4]

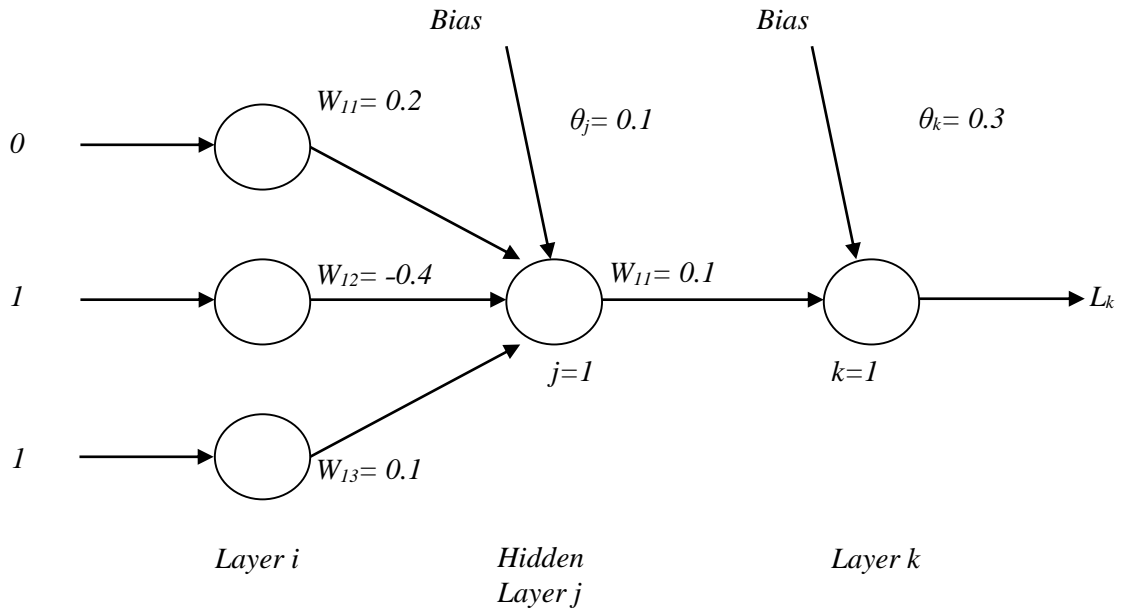


Figure 3: A Multilayer Neural Network

END OF QUESTION PAPER