Universiti Malaysia PAHANG	COURSE: GUI			MARKS:
	TOPIC:		CODE: DCS2013	
Engineering - Teamings - Chestody	Quiz	NO: 2	DURATION: 10 Mins	/10

STUDENT'S INFORMATION

MATRIC NO:		Name :		
1.	Which of the following is NOT TRUE ?			
	A. The work of programming begins	with a pencil, an eraser, and a pad of paper		
	B. The best way to plan a program is	to quickly begin programming		
	C. A useful tool in planning a progra	m is a flowchart		
	D. The GUI is the foundation of the	application and the basic template for its further		
	development.			
2.	. Which of the following is not related	to a GUI?		
	A. Appearance			
	B. Graphics			
	C. Labels			
	D. Code			
3.	. Which of the following is the header	at the top of your program?		
	A. Name			
	B. Title			
	C. Window			
	D. Frame			
4.	. Interface's memorability can be tested	l by		
	A. Running a user test again on the s	ame user after some time		
	B. Running the same interface to ma	ny user		
	C. Running and testing for a week			
	D. Testing the program whenever the	e user need to run the system		
5.	. Which of the following is important i	n user interface design?		
	A. Practice complicated design			
	B. Understand your users and their ta	asks		



C. Use automated tools in designing user interface

D. Test the system on a limited number of actual users

о.	which dimensions of usability does a metaphor help?	
	A. Learnability	
	B. Errors prevention	
	C. Efficiency	
	D. Satisfaction	
7.	When software is poorly designed, the penalties are	
	A. More time to learn how things work	
	B. More time to get things done	
	C. Potential users will buy your competitor's product	
	D. All of the above	
8.	The advantages of having symmetry / asymmetry in design element is	
	a. To create unity and balance.	
	b. To suggest the illusion of movement or direction.	
	c. To create focal points by positioning their priority within a concept	
	d. To mess-up the interface design	
9.	A container object in GUI programming is	
	A. Another name for an array or vector	
	B. Any class that is made up of other classes	
	C. A primitive variable that contains the actual data	
	D. A GUI component that has other GUI components places inside of it	
10.	displays a message that alerts the user and waits for the user to	
	click the OK button to close the dialog	
	E. A message dialog	
	F. A confirmation dialog	
	G. An input dialog	
	H. An option dialog	
11.	asks a question and requires the user to respond with an appropria	te
	button.	
	I. An input dialog	
	J. An option dialog	
	K. A confirmation dialog	
	L. A message dialog	

