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BSK1133 PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

PRACTICE 7

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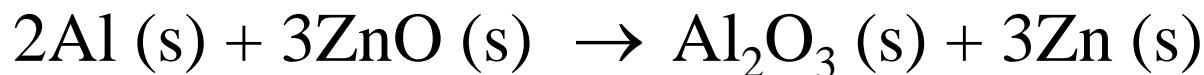


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BY DR. YUEN MEI LIAN
<http://ocw.ump.edu.my/course/view.php?id=470>

1. Define entropy (S) and Gibbs free-energy (G).
2. Choose the correct answer of the entropy of a system change for the following processes.
(Circle your answer)

i. A solid melts	Increase / Decrease
ii. Liquid boils	Increase / Decrease
iii. Solid sublimes	Increase / Decrease
iv. Urea dissolves in water	Increase / Decrease
v. Liquid freezes	Increase / Decrease

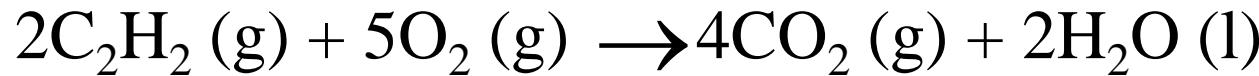
3. Calculate the ΔS_{rxn}° for the following reaction at 25 °C.



(Given: $S^\circ \text{ Al (s)} = 28.3 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$, $S^\circ \text{ ZnO (s)} = 43.9 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$, $S^\circ \text{ Al}_2\text{O}_3 (\text{s}) = 50.99 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$ and $S^\circ \text{ Zn (s)} = 41.6 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$)



4. Calculate ΔG_{rxn}° for the following reactions at 25°C.



(Given: $\Delta G_f^\circ \text{C}_2\text{H}_2 \text{ (g)} = 209.2 \text{ kJ/mol}$, $\Delta G_f^\circ \text{O}_2 \text{ (g)} = 0$, $\Delta G_f^\circ \text{CO}_2 \text{ (g)} = -394.4 \text{ kJ/mol}$ and $\Delta G_f^\circ \text{H}_2\text{O (l)} = -237.2 \text{ kJ/mol}$)

5. The molar heats of fusion and vaporization of gas X are 1.8 kJ/mol and 6.9 kJ/mol, respectively. Meanwhile, gas X melting point and boiling point are -180 °C and -176 °C, respectively. Calculate

- (i) ΔS_{fusion}
- (ii) $\Delta S_{vaporization}$



ANSWERS:

1. Entropy (S) is measurement of dispersion energy of a system.
Gibbs free-energy (G) is free energy in a system to do work.

2. i., ii, iii, iv Increase v. Decrease

3. $\Delta S_{rxn}^\circ = -12.5 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$

4. $\Delta G_{rxn}^\circ = -2470 \text{ kJ/mol}$

5. i. $\Delta S_{fusion} = \frac{\Delta H_{fus}}{T_f} = \frac{(1.8 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}) \times 1000 \text{ J}/1 \text{ kJ}}{(-180 + 273.15) \text{ K}} = 19.3237 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

ii. $\Delta S_{vaporization} = \frac{\Delta H_{vap}}{T_{bp}} = \frac{(6.9 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}) \times 1000 \text{ J}/1 \text{ kJ}}{(-176 + 273.15) \text{ K}} = 71.0242 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$



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