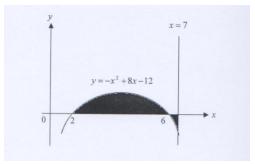


Exercise 9: Applications of Integrations

Topic 5.1 : Area

- 1. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = 2 x^2$, the x-axis and the lines x = 0 and x = 1
- 2. Find the area bounded by the lines y=2-x, x=3, x=4, and x-axis
- 3. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = x^3$, x axis with the lines x = -1 and x = 1
- 4. The following diagram shows the curve $y = -x^2 + 8x 12$ and the straight line x = 7. Find the area of the shaded region.



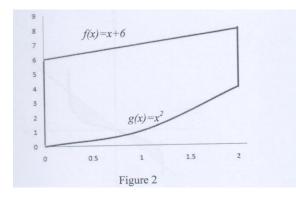
[13]

 $\left[\frac{5}{3}\right]$

 $\left\lceil \frac{3}{2} \right\rceil$

 $\frac{1}{2}$

5. Figure 2 shows a region bounded by f(x) = x+6, $g(x) = x^2$, x = 0 and x = 2. Find the area of the region





- 6. Show that the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = 4 x^2$ and the line y + 2x = 4 is $1\frac{1}{3}$
- 7. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y = 4 x^2$ and $y = x^2 2x$ [Ans: 9]

8. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2 + 2$ and y = 4 - x

- [Ans: $\frac{9}{2}$]
- 9. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = x^2 + 2$ and the lines y = -x, x = 0 and x = 1

[Ans:
$$\frac{17}{6}$$
]

10. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = 8x - x^2 - 12$ and the x - axis

[Ans:
$$\frac{32}{3}$$
]

11. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = 2 - x^2$ and the x-axis and the lines x = -1 and x = 0

[Ans:
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
]

Topic 9.2 : Surface Area

1. Find the surface area of a sphere if the semicircle $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$ is rotated 360° about the *x*-axis.

 $[16\pi]$

2. Determine the surface area of the solid obtained by rotating $y = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$, -2 < x < 2 about the x-axis. [24 π]

- 3. Determine the surface area of the solid obtained by rotating $y = \sqrt{x}$, $1 \le x \le 4$ about the x-axis.
 - [Ans: (a) $\frac{4\pi}{3} \left(\frac{7}{4} \sqrt{\frac{7}{4}} \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} \right)$]
- 4. Determine the surface area of the solid obtained y = 2x, $-3 \le x \le -1$ about the x-axis.

[Ans: $16\sqrt{5}\pi$]

5. Determine the surface area of the solid obtained by rotating $y = x^2, 0 \le x \le 1$ about the y-axis.

$$[\text{Ans:} \ \frac{4\pi}{3} \left(\frac{\left(5\sqrt{5} - 1\right)}{6} \pi \right)]$$