

BIOREACTOR ENGINEERING Chapter 5 Culture Kinetic Study of Modifying Batch Fermentation

Chew Few Ne
Faculty of Chemical & Natural Resources
Engineering
cfne@ump.edu.my



Exercise 1

A 15-L stirred tank reactor is used to produce polysaccharide gum via fermentation. The cell growth kinetic values are $\mu_{max} = 0.01 \ h^{-1}$, $K_s = 0.1 \ g/L$ and $Y_{x/S} = 0.45$. At the beginning of fermentation, the reactor consists of a culture medium containing 3% (w/v) of substrate and 1.0 g/L cell is operated in batch mode. When the substrate is virtually consumed (S < 0.5 mg/L), medium flow at a substrate concentration of 3% (w/v) is then started at a constant rate of 0.2 L/h. By assuming the fed-batch operation reaches quasisteady state rapidly, calculate the following.

- a) The final cell concentration during the batch operation.
- b) The final cell amount in the reactor if the fed-batch operation is run for 1,000 h.



Exercise 2

A fed-batch fermentation is operated with intermittent addition of glucose. When the system reached quasi steady state at time t = 2 h, the following parameters values are measured:

$$V = 1000 \text{ ml} \qquad \qquad F = 200 \text{ mL/h} \\ S_o = 100 \text{ g glucose/L} \qquad \qquad \mu_{max} = 0.3 \text{ h}^{\text{-}1} \\ K_s = 0.1 \text{ g glucose/L} \qquad \qquad Y_{X/S} = 0.5 \\ X^t_i = 30 \text{ g}$$

Determine:

- a) V_i (initial volume of fermenter).
- b) The limiting substrate concentration in the vessel.
- c) The concentration and total amount of cell in the vessel at quasi steady state.
- d) The product concentration in the vessel at t = 2 h if $q_p = 0.2 hr^{-1}$ and $P_i = 0$.

