

# REINFORCED CONCRETE DESIGN 1

### Design of Beam (Examples and Tutorials) by Dr. Sharifah Maszura Syed Mohsin Faculty of Civil Engineering and Earth Resources maszura@ump.edu.my



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A rectangular reinforced concrete beam simply supported on two mansory walls 200 mm thick and 6 m apart. The beam has to carry a distributed permanent action of 10 kN/m (excluding beam selfweight) and variable action of 8 kN/m. The beam is inside building subject to a 1 hour fire resistance and design for 50 years design life. Design the beam with deflection and crack check. Illustrate the beam detailing. Use concrete characteristic strength,  $f_{ck}$  = 30 N/mm<sup>2</sup> and steel characteristic strength,  $f_{vk}$  = 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>



#### **Specification**

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Effective span, L = 6 m

Characteristic action:

- Permanent,  $g_k$ = 15 kN/mVariable,  $q_k$ = 10 kN/mDesign Life= 50 yearsFire resistance= R60
- Exposure classes = XC1

### **Materials**

Concrete Char. strength,  $f_{ck} = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Steel char. strength,  $f_{yk} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Links char. strength,  $f_{yk} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Reinforced concrete unit weight = 25 kN/m<sup>3</sup> Use ,  $\phi_{bar 1} = 20 \text{ mm}$  $\phi_{bar 2} = 12 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\phi_{\text{links}}$  = 8 mm

#### **Beam Size**

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Overall depth, h = L/14 = 6000/13 = 462 mmWidth, b = 0.4 (h) = 0.4 x 462 = 185 mm

#### **Durability, Fire & Bond Requirements**

Min. cover with regards to bond,  $C_{min,b} = 20 \text{ mm}$ Min. cover with regards to durability,  $C_{min,dur} = 15 \text{ mm}$ Min. required axis distance for R60 fire resistance,  $a_{sd}$   $a_{sd} = 30+10 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Min. cover regards to fire,  $C_{min} = a_{sd} - \phi_{links} - \phi_{bar}/2$ = 40 - 8 - 20/2 = 22 mm

Allowance in design for deviation,  $\Delta C_{dev} = 10 \text{ mm}$ Nominal cover,  $C_{nom}$ 

$$C_{nom} = C_{min} + \Delta C_{dev} = 22 + 10 = 32 \text{ mm}$$

Try: b x h = 200 x 500 mm

Use: 
$$C_{nom} = 35 \text{ mm}$$

#### LOADING & ANALYSIS

Design Action,  $w_d = 1.35 \text{ gk} + 1.5 \text{qk} = 28.88 \text{ kN/m}$ 

Shear force, V

 $V = w_d L/2 = 28.88 * 6/2 = 86.64 \text{ kN}$ 

Bending Moment, M

$$M = W_{\rm d} L^2 / 8 = 28.88 \text{ x } 6^2 / 8 = 130 \text{ kNm}$$

#### MAIN REINFORMENT

Effective depth,

$$d = h - C_{nom} - \phi_{link} - \phi_{bar}/2 = 500 - 35 - 8 - 20/2 = 447 \text{ mm}$$

d' = 
$$C_{nom} + \phi_{link} + \phi_{bar}/2 = 35 + 8 + 20/2 = 53 \text{ mm}$$

Design bending moment, 
$$M_{Ed} = 193 \text{ kNm}$$
  
 $K = M /bd^2 f_{ck}$ ,  $K_{bal} = 0.167$   
 $= 130 \text{ x} 10^6 / (200 \text{ x} 447^2 \text{ x} 30)$   
 $= 0.108 < K_{bal}$ : No compression reinforcement required

z = d[ 
$$0.5 + (0.25 - K/1.134)^{1/2}$$
]

- = 0.89 d = 0.89 x 447
- = 398 mm

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Area of tension steel

As = 
$$M/0.87f_{yk}z$$
  
= 130 x10<sup>6</sup>/(0.87 x 500 x 398)  
= 751 mm<sup>2</sup>

Use :

 $3H20 (As = 943 mm^2)$ 

Minimun and maximum reinforcement area,

$$As_{min} = 0.26 (f_{ctm} / f_{yk}) bd$$
  
= 0.26 (2.9/500) bd > 0.0013bd  
= 0.0015 bd > 0.0013bd use 0.0015bd  
= 135 mm<sup>2</sup>

$$As_{max} = 0.04Ac = 0.04 \text{ x b x } h = 0.04 \text{ x } 200 \text{ x } 500$$
$$= 4000 \text{ mm}^2$$



### **SHEAR REINFORCEMENT**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 86.64$  kN Concrete strut capacity  $V_{Rd. max} = 0.36b_w f_{ck} (1 - f_{ck}/250)$  $(\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  $= 655 \text{ kN} \quad \text{------} \quad \theta = 22 \text{ deg} \quad \cot \theta = 2.5$  $= 950 \text{ kN} = 45 \text{ deg } \cot \theta = 1.0$  $V_{Ed} < V_{Rd, max} \cot \theta = 2.5$  $V_{Ed} < V_{Rd, max} \cot \theta = 1.0$ 

--- Therefore angle  $\theta = 22^{\circ}$ 

#### Shear links

$$A_{sw} / s = V_{Ed} / 0.78 f_{yk} d \cot \theta = 0.513 V_{Ed} / f_{yk} d$$
$$= 0.513 x 86.64 x 10^3 / (500 x 447)$$
$$= 0.199$$

Use links: H8.  $A_{sw} = 101 \text{ mm}^2$ Spacing,  $s = A_{sw}/0.199 = 101/0.199$ = 508 mm

Maximum spacing, Svmax = 0.75d = 335 mm < 508 mm: use 300 mm

#### Use: H8 - 300

Additional longitudinal reinforcement

Additional tensile force,

$$F_{td} = 0.5 V_{Ed} \cot \theta = 0.5 \times 86.64 \times 10^3 \times 2.5$$
  
= 108.3 kN

Additional tension reinforcement,

$$A_{s} = Ft_{d} / 0.87 f_{yk} = 108.3 \times 10^{3} / (0.87 \times 500)$$
$$= 249 \text{ mm}^{2}$$

Use :1H20 (As = 314 mm<sup>2</sup>)

To be added to the As near support (after curtailment)



### **DEFLECTION**

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Percentage of required tension reinforcement

 $\rho = As_{req} / bd = 751 / (200 \times 447) = 0.0084$ Reference reinforcement ratio.

$$\label{eq:rho} \begin{split} \rho_o &= (f_{ck})^{1/2} \; x \; 10^{-3} \; = (30)^{1/2} \; \; x \; x \; 10^{-3} \; = 0.0055 \\ \text{Factor for structural system , } K = 1.0 \\ \rho_o &= 0.0055 \; < \; \rho = 0.0084 \end{split}$$

Use 
$$\frac{l}{d} = K \left[ 11 + 1.5 \sqrt{fck} \frac{\rho o}{\rho - \rho'} + \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{fck} \sqrt{\frac{\rho'}{\rho}} \right]$$
  
 $l/d = 1.0 \left[ 11 + (1.5 \ (30)^{1/2} \times 0.655) + 3.2 \times (30)^{1/2} \times (0)^{1/2} \right]$   
 $= 1.0 \left[ 11 + 5.38 + 0 \right] = 16.38$ 

Therefore basic span-effective depth ratio , l/d = 16.38

Modification factor for steel area provided,

- Tension =  $As_{prov} / As_{req} = 943 / 751 = 1.26 < 1.5$ 

Therefore allowable span effective depth,  $(l/d)_{allowable}$  $(l/d)_{allowable} = 16.38 \times 1.26 = 20.64$ 

Actual span effective depth,  $(l/d)_{actual}$   $(l/d)_{actual} = 6000/447 = 13.42$  $(l/d)_{allowable} > (l/d)_{actual} \rightarrow OK$ 

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### **CRACKING**

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Limiting crack width,  $w_{max} = 0.3 \text{ mm}$ Steel stress,  $f_s$  $f_{yk}$   $G_{k+0.3}G_{k}$   $1 = 500 = 125\pm0.3$ 

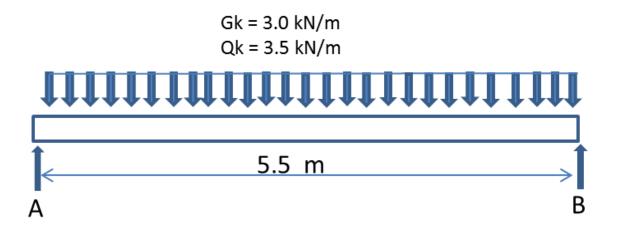
$$f_{s} = \frac{fyk}{1.15} \times \frac{Gk + 0.3Qk}{(1.35Gk + 1.5Qk)} \frac{1}{\delta} = \frac{500}{1.15} \times \frac{12.5 + 0.3 \times 8}{(1.35(12.5) + 1.5(8))}$$
$$= 224 \text{ N/mm}^{2}$$

Max. allowable bar spacing = 200 mm Actual bar spacing, s =  $[h - 2(C_{nom}) - 2(\phi_{links}) - 20]/2$ = [200 - 2(35) - 2(8) - 20]/2 = 47 mm

Actual = 47 mm < Allow, 200 mm  $\rightarrow$  OK

### **Tutorial 1: Simply supported beam**

Figure below shows a 5.5 m simply supported beam with size of 150 x 350 mm. The characteristic permanents and variable action acting on the beam are 3.0 kN/m (excluding self-weight and brick wall) and 3.5 kN/m. This beam has to support the brick wall with 3.3 m height.





### **Tutorial 1: Simply supported beam**

The properties of the beam are as follows:

Unit weight of concrete  $= 25 \text{ kN/m}^3$  $= 2.6 \text{ kN/m}^2$ Unit weight of brick wall Concrete characteristic strength,  $f_{ck}$  $= 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$  $= 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Steel characteristic strength,  $f_{vk}$ Nominal cover, c<sub>nom</sub> = 25 mmUse main reinforcement,  $\phi_{main}$ = 20 mmUse shear reinforcement,  $\phi_{link}$ = 6 mm



### **Tutorial 1: Simply supported beam**

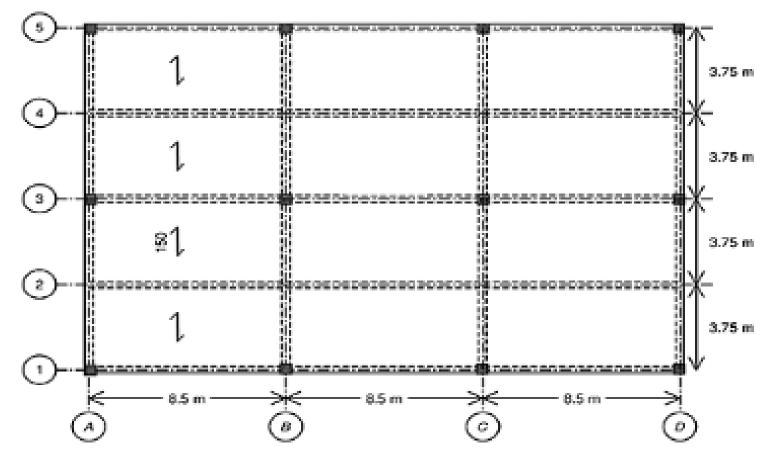
By using the data above,

- a) Calculate design load, bending moment and shear forced for the beam
- b) Provide the main reinforcement for the beam
- c) Provide the shear reinforcement for the beam
- d) Check the beam due to the deflection
- e) Skecth the detailing for this beam



### **Tutorial 2: Continuous beam**

Design the continuous beam (3/A-D) in figure below with beam detailing.





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### **Tutorial 2: Continuous beam**

The beam and slab will be casted monolithically. Use the following data to design the beam.

 $f_{ck} = 30N/mm^{2}$   $f_{yk} = 500N/mm^{2}$ Cover, c = 25 mm  $\phi_{main \ reinforcement} = 8 mm$   $q_{k,slab} = 1.5kN/m^{2}$ Slab fnishing = 1.0 kN/m<sup>2</sup> Slab thickness, h<sub>slab</sub> = 150 mm beam size, b x h = 150 x 400 mm





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