

Hydraulics & Pneumatics

Chapter 1: Hydraulics (Hydraulic Components)

by

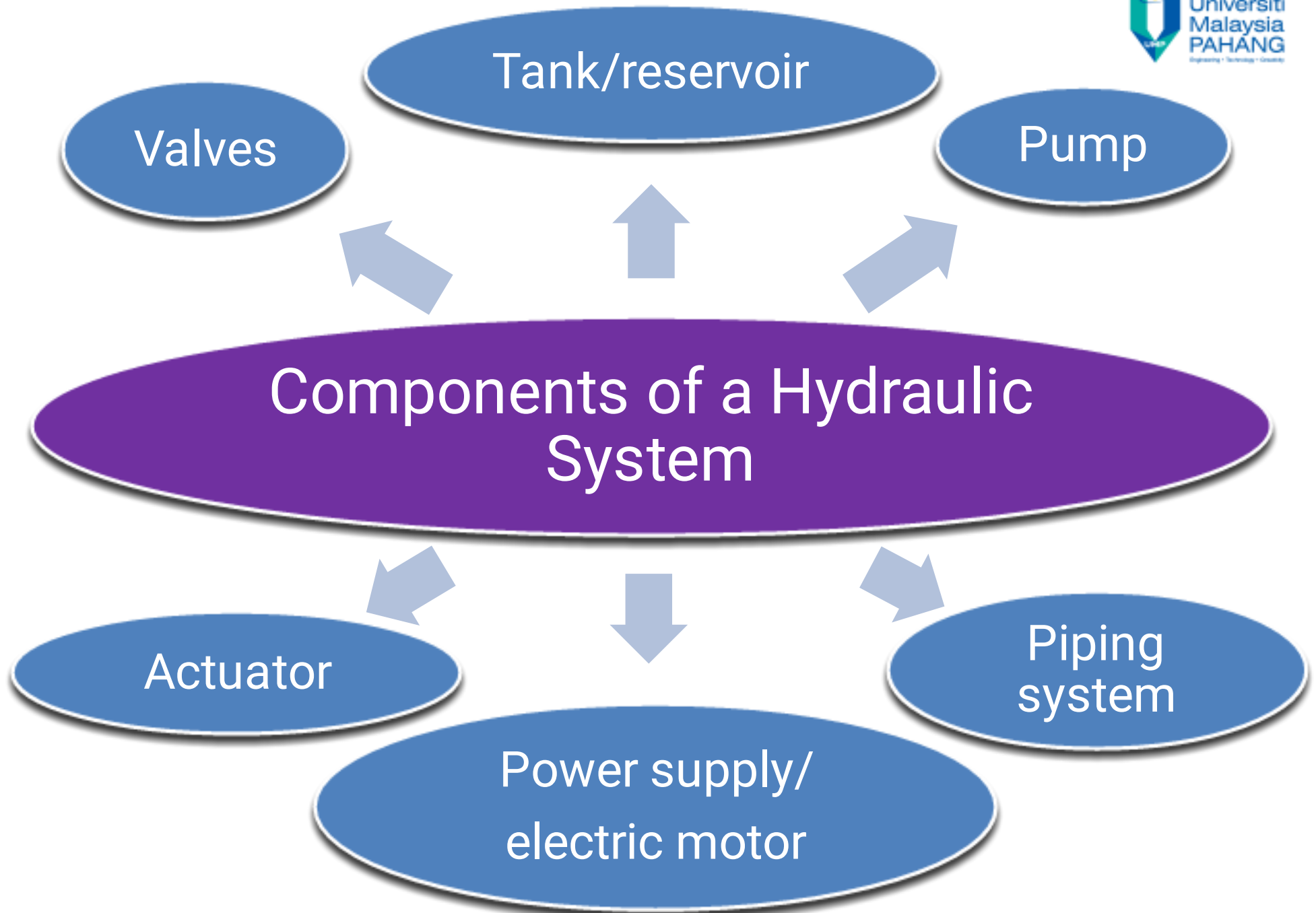
Dr. Mohd Fadzil Faisae
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering
ffaisae@ump.edu.my

Lesson Outcome

- By the end of this lesson, student should be able to identify hydraulic power pack components
 - pump, tank, valves, actuator, motor, piping system both in graphic and circuit symbols

Content

- Power Pack
- Reservoir
- Motor
- Pump
- Valve
- Actuator
- Piping system



Power Pack



Hydraulics Power Pack

- Consist of three main components
 - Reservoir
 - Electric motor
 - Pump

Reservoir

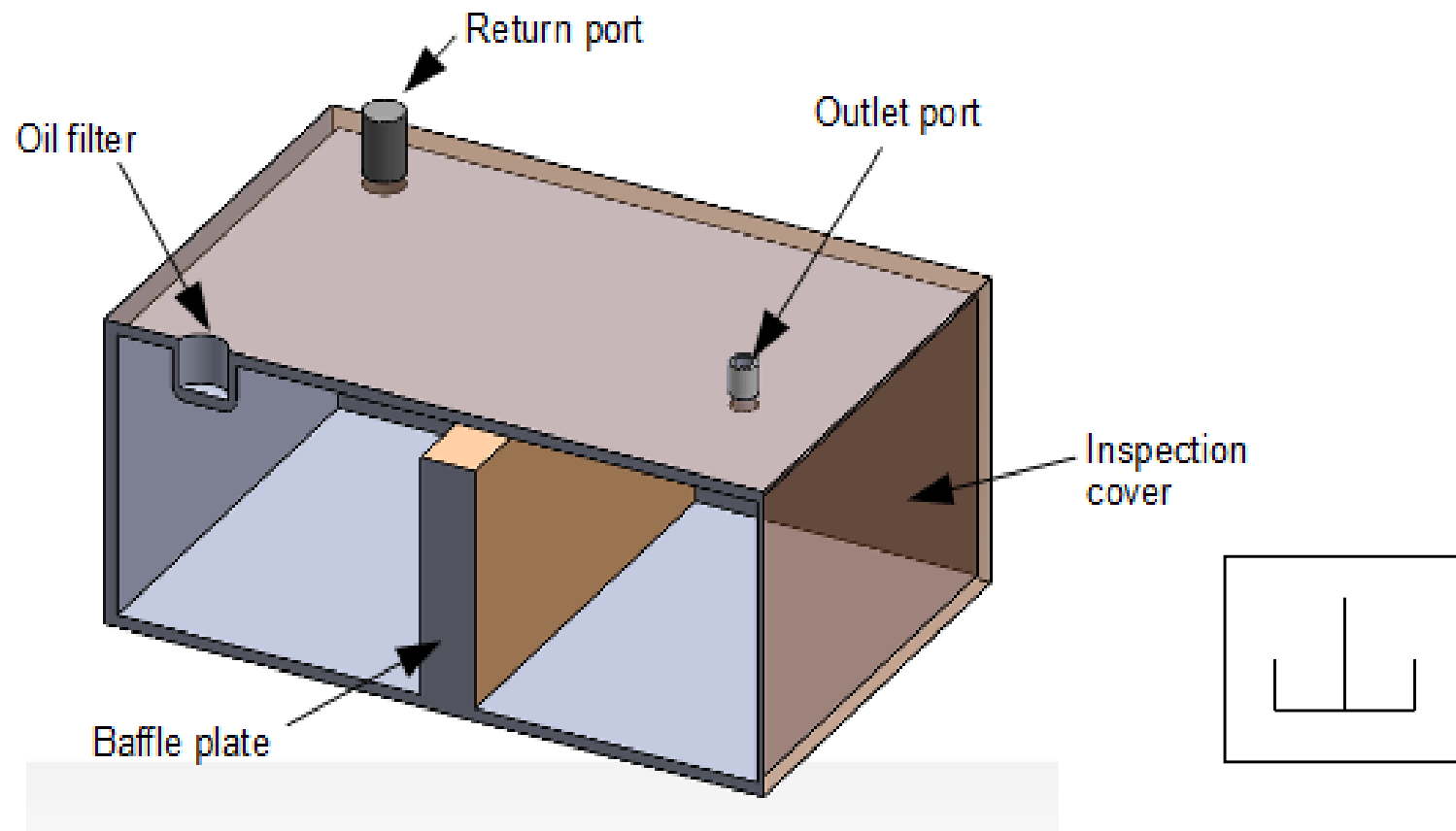
- The main function of a reservoir of course is to store a specific quantity of fluid.
- However, there are several others functions of reservoir:
 - Remove the heat from the fluids through the reservoir walls
 - Conditioning the fluid by resolving the fluids contaminants
 - Remove the trapped air inside the fluids
 - Function as the mounting support for the hydraulic components

Reservoir

A complete reservoir has the following components:

- Baffle plate: to prevent the fluid that return from the system to enter the inlet of pump.
- Inspection cover: to inspect the fluid color for maintenance purpose.
- Filter breather: for the air exchange process
- Level indicator: to inspect the level of fluid
- Connection: for suction and drain lines

Reservoir



Electric Motor

- Used to drive the hydraulic pump



CC0 by [Pashminu](#)

Hydraulics Pump

- Mechanical component used to convert mechanical into hydraulic power.
- Generates flow with enough power to overcome pressure induced by the load.

Fixed Displacement



Variable Displacement



Valves

- The hydraulic valves used to control the hydraulic system in term of the flowrate, pressure, fluid direction flow etc.
- Types of hydraulics valve
 - Pressure control valves (PCVs)
 - Directional control valves (DCVs)
 - Flow control valves (FCVs)
 - Check valves

Actuator

- The actuator function to reconvert hydraulic power into mechanical, to drive the load.
- The hydraulic actuators can be classes into 3 categories:
 - Hydraulic cylinders for linear motion
 - Hydraulic motors for continuous rotary motion
 - Hydraulic rotary actuators for limited angular displacement

Piping system

- Used to connect the hydraulics components.
- To deliver hydraulic fluids to different components.
- The piping system may consist of flexible or rigid hoses.

Lesson Summary

- In this lesson, we have identified 6 hydraulic power pack components
 - pump, tank, valves, actuator, motor, piping system

References

- Esposito A, 2013, Fluid Power with Applications, 7th Ed., Prentice Hall
- Parr, A. (2002). Hydraulics and Pneumatic: A Technician's and Engineer Guide. 2ed. Butterworth Heinemann.
- Rabie, M.G. (2009), Fluid Power Engineering, McGrawHills, Singapore.
- Waller, D., Werner, H. (2003), Hydraulics Basic Level, Festo Didactic GmbH & Co.