

# Chemical Reaction Engineering I

## Mind Map 1

by  
Sureena Abdullah

Faculty of Chemical and Natural Resources Engineering  
Sureena@ump.edu.my



MM Rate Analysis by Sureena

# Rate Analysis methods

## Batch Reactor Data

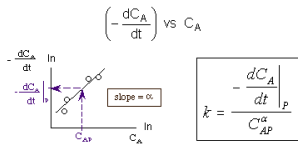
## Methods of Initial Rates

## Method of Half-Lives

Taking the natural log of  $\left[-\frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A^\alpha\right]$

$$\ln\left(-\frac{dC_A}{dt}\right) = \ln k + \alpha \ln C_A$$

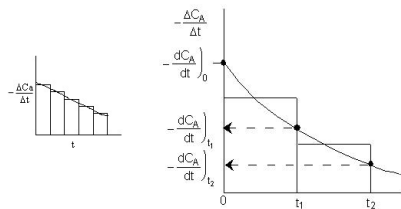
The reaction order can be found from a ln-ln plot of:



## Differential Method

## Integral Method

### 1. Graphical Method

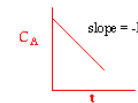


### 2. Numerical Method

### 3. Polynomial Fit (polymath)

#### Zero Order

Zero order,  $\alpha = 0$



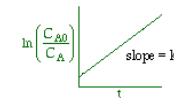
$$\frac{dC_A}{dt} = r_A = -k$$

at  $t = 0$ ,  $C_A = C_{A0}$

$$\Rightarrow C_A = C_{A0} - kt$$

#### First Order

First order  $\alpha = 1$



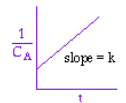
$$\frac{dC_A}{dt} = r_A = -kC_A$$

at  $t = 0$ ,  $C_A = C_{A0}$

$$\Rightarrow \ln\left(\frac{C_{A0}}{C_A}\right) = kt$$

#### Second Order

Second order  $\alpha = 2$



$$\frac{dC_A}{dt} = r_A = -kC_A^2$$

at  $t = 0$ ,  $C_A = C_{A0}$

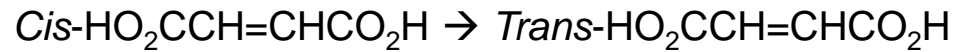
$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{C_A} - \frac{1}{C_{A0}} = kt$$

If the data do not fall on a straight line for  $\alpha=0,1$ , or  $2$  such as  $\alpha=2$ ;



# Graphical Method (exercise) – Test 20142015

The liquid-phase isomerization reaction of maleic acid to form fumaric acid takes place in an ideal batch reactor at 180°C



Maleic Acid  $\rightarrow$  Fumaric Acid

The concentration-time data for maleic acid was obtained as follows:-

$C_A$ (mol.dm <sup>-3</sup> )	1.0	0.95	0.816	0.707	0.5	0.37
t (hr)	0	0.278	1.389	2.78	8.33	16.66

- Determine the rate law and its parameters with the right unit. (ans: order=2.8)
- Demonstrate how a flow reactor can be used to determine the rate law
- Explain how the volume of the batch reactor can be determined.



# Numerical Method (exercise)- Test Sem 1 20162017

The irreversible liquid phase isomerization of tetrahydrocyclopentadiene (A) into adamantane (B) was carried out in a batch reactor and simplified as



The concentration-time data were obtained as in Table 1.

t (min)	0	10	20	30
$C_A$ (mol/dm <sup>3</sup> )	1	0.6	0.4	0.3

- Develop the rate law of the isomerization reaction using the data given.
- If the reaction is an elementary reaction, design the batch reactor that could consume 90 % of 1 mol/dm<sup>3</sup> tetrahydrocyclopentadiene. ( $k=0.053$  min<sup>-1</sup>)



# Authors Information

Credit to the authors:  
Dr Mohd Sabri Mahmud, Assoc Prof Dr  
Maksudur Rahman Khan, Madam  
Hamidah Abdullah

